Luxury Mixed-Use Real Estate Development in Islamabad

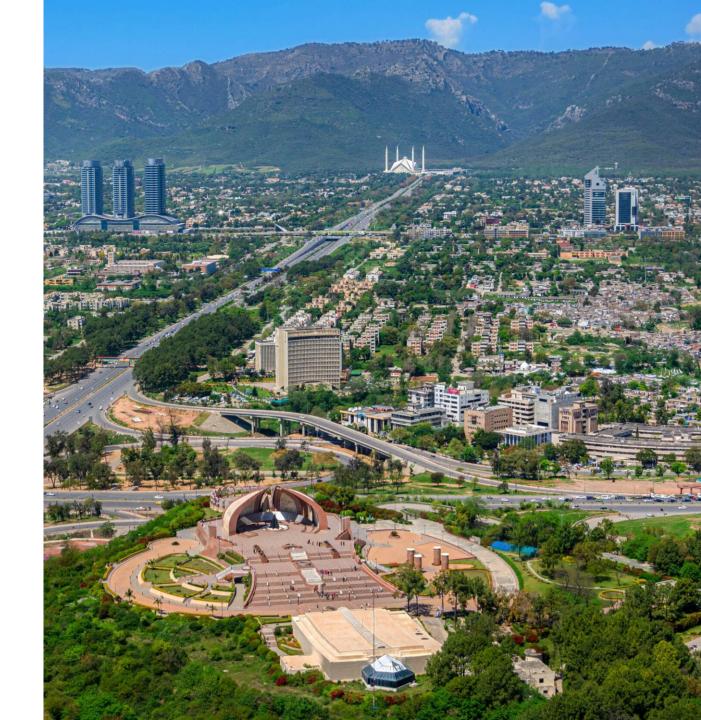
Investment pitchbook

September 2025









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Executive Summary

Attractive Investment Destination

- Pakistan is emerging as a regional powerhouse, with a reformed economy (inflation stabilized at the lowest level in the past 50 years and GDP expected to cross USD 3.3T by 2050, and stabilized currency) and vibrant talent (7th largest global workforce, with 64% of the workforce under 30)
- Investors can count on strong government support, including accelerated licensing and tax incentives under hospitality and infrastructure development schemes

Widening Demand Gap for Luxury Real Estate

- As the country's capital city, Islamabad has seen surging business, diplomatic and tourist activity, as well as an expanding middle class, all driving demand for luxury hospitality, commercial and residential real estate
- One of the key supply gaps is in the luxury segment is hotel accommodation, with c.a. 1,000 luxury keys available currently, while demand is estimated to be x2
- In addition, occupancy of Grade A office space and residential real estate in Islamabad is estimated to be >90% and >80%, suggesting severe undersupply

Landmark Premium Hospitality Project

- Investors have the opportunity to design, finance, build operate, and transfer mixed-use luxury real estate asset in Islamabad's business district that includes a 5-star hotel (anchor business), office space and branded residences
- The investment model assumes a concession agreement with a key public-sector partner the Capital Development Authority over 33 years (of which, 30 operational) and a revenue share, in exchange for land in Islamabad's prime location (business district)
- The project cost is estimated at USD 123-125Mn and able to generate c.a. USD 92 Mn in revenues by year 10 of operations, with the hotel of 450 luxury keys as the property anchor (accounting for >85% of run-rate revenue)
- Investors are expected to pre-sell residential units to generate USD 63Mn during development years (and another USD 42Mn in subsequent years), thus reducing the required equity injection to USD 61Mn and generate approximately 19-20% IRR over the 30+ year concession period

Pakistan: Your Business, Diplomatic and Tourism Hub

Pakistan Value Proposition

Reformed Economy



USD 3.3Tn¹

Expected GDP in 2050 (from USD >410Bn² today) B-

Improved Credit Rating³ from CCC-

Top 10

In Business Entry Regulations ranking⁵

Stabilized Inflation

At lowest levels since 1968⁶

Stabilized Currency

Achieved since 2023 in coordination with IMF Special Economic Zones (SZEs)

Robust fiscal and trade incentive packages⁷

Vibrant Demographics and Talent



255 million

Large and growing population⁸

64%

Population younger than 308

7th largest

Global workforce9

2 million

University students enrolled every year¹⁰

Business, Diplomatic & Tourism Hub



USD 1.9B¹¹

(+17% yoy growth)

Foreign direct investments into Pakistan in 2024

USD >14.5 Bn¹¹ (USD 26Bn

(USD 26Bn expected by 2033)

International and domestic visitor spending in Pakistan

>85% occupancy¹²

of grade A office and residential real estate¹²

50 million (16% historic

growth¹³)

Large and

Large and expanding middle class demanding premium services and property

Strategic Geographic Positioning

Crossroads between South Asia, East Asia, and Middle East





Investors have an opportunity to design, finance, build, operate and transfer a mixeduse luxury realestate asset in Islamabad's prime location

Opportunity overview and key highlights

Opportunity Description

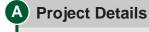


Design, finance, build, operate, and transfer a mixed-use luxury real estate asset in Islamabad's prime location that includes a 5-star hotel, office space and branded residences, attracting upscale travelers and premium tenants through world-class amenities

High-Level Opportunity Facts









Islamabad (Capital City of Pakistan)





450 luxury keys



Hotel (Anchor) Office and Residential Space



Luxury hotel demand is double the existing supply, while tourist and flight volumes expected to grow 6-10% p.a.



Investment Model

Concession agreement over 30 operating years, with revenue sharing clause, while investor retains full operational and decisionmaking control concession period



IRR 19-20%

Run-rate Revenues²

USD 92-95Mn

Estimated Project Cost

USD 123-125 Mn (c.a. USD 61Mn equity requirement; remaining funds to be covered by residential sale advances)

Value Proposition



Prime land in Islamabad's Business District earmarked by Capital Development Authority



As the capital city, Islamabad hosts embassies, federal institutions, conferences, and key events, ensuring growing demand that is consistent vear-round



Partnership with key public-sector stakeholder, Capital Development Authority (CDA), which is the sole authority for land development with 60-year track record and 100+ projects completed



Strategic entry into an under-served luxury realestate market, especially hotels, with limited high-end supply



Diversified revenue streams through a mixeduse model combining hotel, office, and residential components



Complete private sector autonomy on hotel management

^{1.} In local currency; over 30 years of operations (detailed in Business Case section) 2. Year 10 NOTE: Business case estimates by CDA and its transaction advisor; assumes investors choose larger plot





Business case built assuming larger plot (4.5 acres, 450 keys);

A. The project combines a 5-star hotel with serviced residences and office space, creating a mixed-use destination tailored to Islamabad's growing demand for premium hospitality

Project details (assuming larger plot #6)



Offering

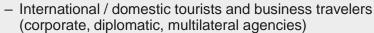
- Multi-purpose asset, blending (a) luxury hotel, (b) modern office space and (c) serviced residential apartments
- Luxury classification refers to a 5-star hotel based on pricing relative to local rates (see investment model assumptions further)



Technical Specifications

- 450 keys (rooms & suites)
- 450k sq ft main hotel space
- 500k sq ft serviced apartments; 220k sq ft office
- 400k sq ft non-public service areas & parking





- Corporate tenants seeking prestigious offices
- Long-stay executives and expatriates leasing branded residences
- High-net-worth individuals and families desiring luxury urban living with hotel-style services
- MICE¹ segment: conferences, government events, and high-profile banquets



- Islamabad, Pakistan's capital city and a transit hub for the country's Northern Area, hosting the largest airport
- Prime location in the Business District, near key business, government, diplomatic, and cultural institutions

Potential Project Locations





B. The opportunity aims to leverage the growing demand and undersupply of luxury real estate in Islamabad

Luxury accommodation demand tailwinds

Key Growth Drivers

Tourism Activation

- Strong tourism attraction policies, such as easing visa restrictions
- Strong ties with twin cities such as Beijing, Abu Dhabi, and Ankara, promoting cultural exchange

Expanding Diplomatic Activity

- PM office, 80+ embassies and high commissions in the city, within 10 minute car ride radius from targeted plot
- Surge in government events and international conferences

Increasing Business Activity

- FDI climbed 17% and reached \$1.9Bn in 2024⁵, signaling investor interest to leverage the country's potential
- Business traffic growing via projects like the China-Pakistan Fiber Optic Link
- Home to CPEC HQ and key infrastructure projects
- High-profile recurring events

Expanding Middle Class

- The middle class in Pakistan is estimated to have reached 50Mn (15-20% of population) driving demand for premium property and services
- Islamabad has an outsized share, with the country's highest literacy and per capita income

The mixed-use complex involves three main segments

Hotel (Anchor segment, >85% of recurring

revenue)

 Islamabad's Business District is one of the most prestigious and strategically positioned sectors in the capital, and demand generators for hotels include a mix of government, diplomatic, tourism, and corporate sectors

Commercial Offices

- Location proximity to embassies, government, and corporate hubs makes it ideal for premium offices
- Grade A offices in Islamabad are maintaining occupancy
 >90%, signaling undersupply

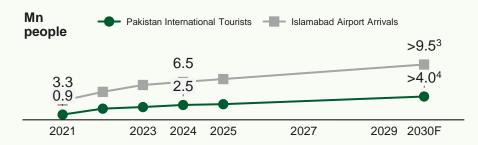
Residential Apartments

- Islamabad has 1,600 Grade A and B¹ units, with 800 more in pipeline
- 80% occupancy signals a supply gap driven by incoming government and diplomatic officials
- Branded serviced apartment operator currently not available

Luxury accommodation² is currently undersupplied...



... with an expected continuous increase in tourists



- Current occupancy already reaching >75%, with frequent peak periods with no room availability⁵
- Luxury demand lost to lower tier hotels given lack of availability
- Recent market entry announcements in other hotel tiers like Rotana, Radisson Blue, Hilton, Grand Hyatt, signaling rising investor confidence

^{1.} Grade A: premium development; Grade B: mid-tier development; 2. Demand and supply estimates provided by CDA and its transaction advisor; 3. Islamabad International Airport press release 4. Estimated based on World Travel & Tourism Council reports; 5. Pakistan media crawling / desktop research; 6. Savills

C. Investors will be supported by public parties in a robust ecosystem



- Sole municipal authority for land development and principal public-sector counterpart
- Responsible for allocating high-value land for development and overseeing urban planning in Islamabad

Track record: Operating since 1960's, with >110 completed projects and >50 in progress or planned



- Regulates and promotes publicprivate partnership projects at the federal level
- Reviews, approves, and structures PPP proposals to ensure commercial viability and value-for-money





Special Investment Facilitation Council (SIFC)

- Facilitates and fast-tracks foreign and domestic investments
- Provides a streamlined, onewindow operation for investor support and coordination across government entities
- Hosted in Prime Minister's Office





C. Investors will benefit from the Government support to create an attractive business and regulatory environment

Key opportunity enablers and incentives

Ease of Doing Business

- Ongoing review and simplification / deregulation across sectors
- One-stop licensing and digital registration
- Government intermediation with public entities (e.g., Capital Development Authority; partnership with sole municipal authority for land development)

Demand Attractiveness

- Collaboration with government on diplomatic and event agenda (e.g., becoming official host of government-led events)
- CDA Chairman commitment to transform city into a modern urban center

Tax & Fiscal Incentives

- Eligibility for corporate tax incentives under hospitality and infrastructure development schemes
- For example, in a development REIT structure, a reduced corporate tax of 15%, is applied (goes to 0% if 90% of profits distributed)
- Customs duty reductions on capital goods for hotel operations (e.g., imported machinery and equipment for hotels in special zones attract duties as low as 0– 5%)

Prime Land Provision

- Provision of right of way for infrastructure development
- Complete
 autonomy of
 management and
 operations for a
 period of 25 years













C. The opportunity for private sector partnership with CDA is structured through a revenue sharing model

Proposed investment model and role delineation between the public and private sector

Proposed Investment Role delineation between public and private sector model **Government** (Capital Revenue-sharing model **Investors** Development Authority) with CDA contributing land Role Land Provide land in strategic location N/A **Overview** Ownership - Government provides the Hotel Design, finance and build facilities Facilitate approvals and enable development land to develop and operate **Development** the hotel in prime location of Islamabad's Business Hotel Fully operate hotel, hire staff, manage N/A District services **Operations** Private sector invests in and fully manages the hotel Revenue Share agreed % of gross revenues with Receive agreed % share of revenues Sharing Government Government earns revenue through an agreed annual revenue share Raise equity and debt for project Facilitate access to financing (e.g., policy Financing support) Land ownership remains with the Government **Demand** Manage marketing and pricing to attract Support through tourism promotion and Ďъ **Generation** enabling policies quests

D. Consequently, investors can expect 19.4% IRR over the duration of the contract, with USD 61.1Mn in estimated equity injection

Estimated project financials and investment case

(Business case estimates by CDA and its transaction advisor: Figures provided are estimations based on available information)

Expected Investor IRR¹ Payback Period²	19-20% c.a. 9 years	 Revenue sharing model (80% investor; 20% Capital Development Authority) over the contract period of 33 years (30 operating years and 3 years asset development lead time with an extension option
Payback Period ²	c a 9 years	
	c.a. 5 years	 Payback period based on equity-free cash flows for investor
Revenues	Total: USD 92Mn (c.a. PKR 25.8Bn)Hotel: for c.a. USD 79-80Mn (>90% of total)	 Multi-stream revenues from hotel rooms, business complex, and serviced apartments leases Average occupancy ramping up to 80%+ by year 10 of operations Additional revenue streams from F&B, MOD and events Business complex accounts for ~10% of total run-rate revenues, mainly from office rental and servicing
EBITDA Margin	28%	 EBITDA margin represents a 30-year operational average. Represents strong operational efficiency and
NOPAT	USD 16Mn (PKR 4.5Bn)	pricing power
Construction Cost	USD 124Mn (PKR 34.7Bn)	 Average USD 70.75 per sq ft construction CAPEX required for Office Space, BOH/ Parking, Hotel, and Serviced Apartments
Cash from Residential Lease Receipts	USD 63Mn (PKR 17.6Bn)	 ~51% of construction costs will be covered through Serviced Apartment lease receipts, reducing the investor capital requirement to just PKR 17.1 Bn CDA will provide land (estimated at USD 50Mn+) for 20% revenue share
	USD 61Mn (PKR 17.1Bn)	 Investment requirement fully injected by the investor as equity (equity-only financing terms envisaged)
	Cash from Residential Lease	Construction Cost (PKR 34.7Bn) Cash from Residential Lease Receipts USD 63Mn (PKR 17.6Bn) USD 61Mn

Business case built assuming larger plot (4.5 acres, 450 keys); Note:

Investors can choose a smaller development on a smaller plot (3.7 acres, 400 keys) with a similar expected IRR

D. The government is proposing multiple mechanisms to support the mitigation of potential risks

Key investment risks and mitigation measures

Risk ?	Description	Degree of Risk	Investor Mitigation Actions	Public Sector Support 🏽 🏐
Demand/ revenue	Risk of not achieving projected revenues or sales targets	LowConsistent demand and supply imbalance pointing to structural (i.e., sticky) demand	Tailor marketing plans and promotional activities to attract local and expat population	Support demand through overall promotion of tourism (e.g., conferences, city-wide branding initiatives)
Macroeconomic conditions	Risk of inflation or currency depreciation affecting profitability	Medium Recent track record of currency and inflation and currency (at lowest levels since 19681) pointing to stabilization	Increase local sourcing: transfer CAPEX risk to developer; local OPEX (e.g., payroll, supplies)	Facilitate access to local currency loans
Infrastructure	Delays in utilities or access roads affecting timely operations	 Low Premium location (F-5) in developed area of the capital suggesting advanced connectivity 	Assess site readiness and secure contingency plans for critical infrastructure	Ensure timely provision of approvals along with supporting infrastructure such as roads, utilities, and off-site infrastructure to site boundary
Regulatory / Legal	Risk of sudden policy changes impacting contract or taxes	 Low Recent reforms and deregulation trend suggesting commitment to private sector partnerships 	Include independent jurisdiction (e.g., UK) in contract; include robust stabilization and early termination clauses in concession contract	Offer legal protections and enable international arbitration where applicable

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APPENDIX





Pakistan's Economic Turnaround in the News

Pakistan Isn't That Risky Anymore. Its Economy Is a Mini-Miracle.

BARRON'S

Pakistan Economy Grows Faster Than Expected on IMF Aid Boost

Bloomberg

Fitch Upgrades Pakistan to 'B-'; Outlook Stable

FitchRatings

Azerbaijan to invest \$2 billion in economic sector of Pakistan

ARAB NEWS





A. Pakistan has a track record of successful Foreign Direct Investments across sectors

Examples of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) projects in Pakistan

FDI projects (non-exhaustive)

AD Ports (UAE) USD 220Mn



Al Mirqab Capital (Qatar) Power Construction Corp. (China) USD 2.09Bn



DP World (UAE) and **National Logistics Corp.** (Pakistan) JV investment not public



- Joint venture (DP World: 60%) focused on road freight logistics approved
- Follows MoU by DP World for the development of 50km freight corridor from Karachi Port to Pripri

 50 year concession agreement to manage, operate and develop the Karachi Gateway Terminal

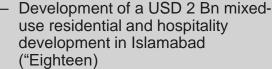
 USD 200Mn investment in infrastructure development by AD Ports in first 10 years Construction of coal-powered power plant in Port Qasim, under build-ownoperate (BOO) model

USD 2.09Bn investment, of which c.a.
 USD 500Mn in equity

ORA Developers (Egypt), Saif Group (Pakistan), Kohistan Builders (Pakistan) USD 2 Bn



Other Announcements and MoUs (non-exhaustive)



- The complex is envisioned to have ~3,000 residential units (apartments and villas) and extensive leisure and commercial components (e.g., golf clubs, cinema, spa)
- Project being developed by ORA Developers (an arm of Orascom Development)

- Reportage Properties (UAE): JV with Empire Holding Pakistan for USD 300Mn real estate development in Islamabad and Lahore
- Emaar Group (UAE): JV with Giga Group Pakistan for USD 2.4Bn Crescent Bay real estate
- Saudi Development Fund (KSA): Potential investment in mining infrastructure (USD 100Mn)
- Manara Minerals (KSA): Exploring stake in Reko Diq copper and gold mine (USD 7Bn)
- China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (China): Umbrella FDI initiative covering roads, railways, ports, energy, among others (USD 65Bn)





D. Opportunity P&L

Extract from pre-feasibility financial model

(Business case estimates by CĎA and its transaction advisor; Figures provided are estimations based on available information)

Numbers in PKR	Year 1 ¹	Year 5 ¹	Year 10 ¹	
Occupancy rate	50%	81%	85%	
Total Revenue	7,494,953,500	17,210,222,156	25,778,776,309	
Hotel	6,685,201,500	14,682,605,485	22,094,072,593	
Business Complex	809,752,000	2,527,616,671	3,684,703,716	
Lease of Serviced Apartments	-	-	-	
Total Cost of Service Delivery	1,962,999,325	3,856,301,368	5,647,371,897	
Gross Profit	5,531,954,175	13,353,920,789	20,131,404,412	
Gross Margin	74%	78%	78%	
Total OPEX	4,001,148,749	8,555,284,803	12,808,134,771	
Admin & General	340,653,565	645,338,874	963,537,826	
Security costs	131,123,528	220,589,005	326,428,215	
Sales & Marketing	224,224,309	335,834,228	503,656,461	
Energy Costs	1,096,804,167	2,427,848,185	3,650,368,691	
Repair & Maintenance Costs	280,799,845	585,297,919	874,880,048	
Property & Taxes Costs	70,000,000	88,373,387	118,263,527	
CDA Revenue Share	1,498,990,700	3,442,044,431	5,155,755,262	
Management/ Royalty Fee	358,552,635	809,958,774	1,215,244,741	
EBITDA	1,530,805,426	4,798,635,985	7,323,269,641	
EBITDA Margin	20%	28%	28%	
NOPAT	390,263,040	2,777,495,839	4,376,654,008	

- Hotel revenues comprising of Rooms, F&B and MOD
- Business complex revenues from space rentals
- Total Serviced Apartment leases amounting to PKR 29.25 billion (recognized in Year 2 and 3)¹
- Based on industry reports, expert input and research

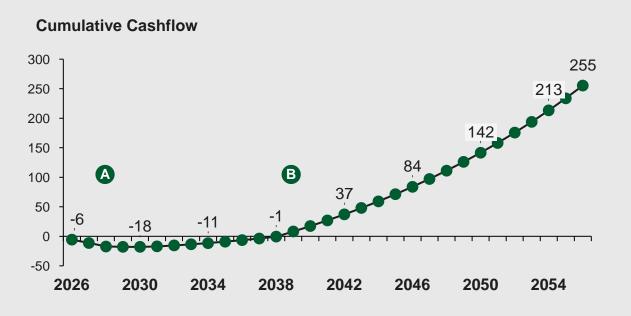
- 30-year operational period average GPM of 77%
- 30-year operational EBITDA margin average of 27%
- Based on industry reports, and research

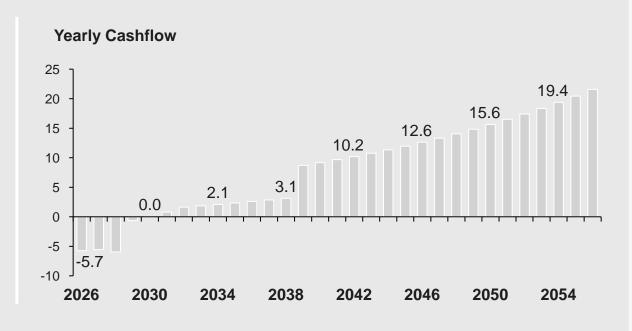
 No debt-based financing considered. Corporate tax rate of 29%, in addition to turnover tax.

^{1.} Operating years, after 3-year development period (i.e., contract years 4, 8, 13)

D. Investor Cash Flows

Investor cash flows, PKR Bn





Investor cash flows:

- Upfront equity investment: PKR 17.1Bn
- Cumulative net cash flows over the duration of the investment: PKR 190 Bn

Additional information:

- A Development period: 3 years
- B Payback period: year 10 of operations

D. Revenue Assumptions (1/2)

Extract from pre-feasibility financial model (Business case estimates by CDA and its transaction advisor; Figures provided are estimations based on available information)

Revenue	Assumptions ¹	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Unit	
	Number Of Rooms	450	450	450	450	450	Rooms	
	Occupancy (%)	50.00%	70.00%	73.50%	77.18%	81.03%	%	
	Increase In Occupancy (%)			5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	70	
	Average Room Rate	55,000	59,400	64,152	69,284	74,827	PKR	
	Projected Increase In Room Rate		8%	8%	8%	8%	%	
	Covers - Rooms & Restaurant	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	Covers	
	Covers Outside	300	500	530	562	596	Covers	
Hotel	Increase In Outside Covers			6%	6%	6%	%	
	Covers - Banquets & Meetings (B & M)	300	400	420	441	463	Covers	
	Increase In B & M Covers			5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	%	
	Average Spend Food	4,500	4,815	5,152	5,513	5,899	PKR	
	Increase In Average Spend Food		7%	7%	7%	7%	%	
	Average Spend Beverages	800	856	916	980	1,049	PKR	
	Increase In Average Spend Beverages		7%	7%	7%	7%	%	
	Other F & B Income As A % Of Food Sales	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	70	

D. Revenue Assumptions (2/2)

Extract from pre-feasibility financial model (Business case estimates by CDA and its transaction advisor; Figures provided are estimations based on available information)

Revenue	Assumptions ¹	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Unit
	SPA sales PKR Millions/ month	2.00	2.20	2.42	2.66	2.93	PKR millions
	Annual increase in SPA sales		10%	10%	10%	10%	%
	Other services PKR Millions/ month	5.00	5.50	6.05	6.66	7.32	PKR millions
Hotel	Annual increase in other services		10%	10%	10%	10%	%
notei	MOD Revenue PKR / day	500.00	525.00	551.25	578.81	607.75	PKR
	Annual increase in MOD revenue		5%	5%	5%	5%	%
	Rental & Other income PKR M/ month	5.00	5.25	5.51	5.79	6.08	PKR millions
	Increase in Rental & Other income		5%	5%	5%	5%	%
Business Complex (BC)	Net rentable area (80% of total area)	176,000	176,000	176,000	176,000	176,000	SFT
	Occupancy	40%	60%	70%	90%	95%	%
	Rentals PKR/ SFT	850	918	991	1,071	1,156	PKR/ SFT
	Annual Increase in rentals		8%	8%	8%	8%	%
	Restaurant Covers	100	150	173	178	178	Covers
	Increase in Covers			15%	3%	0%	%

D. CAPEX Assumptions

Extract from pre-feasibility financial model (Business case estimates by CDA and its transaction advisor; Figures provided are estimations based on available information)

CAPEX	Assumption	Area (SFT)	Rate/ Value	Cost	Unit		
	Office Space	220,000	20,000	4,400,000,000			
	BOH & Parking	400,000	8,000	3,200,000,000			
	Hotel	450,000	30,000	13,500,000,000			
	Serviced Apartments	500,000	20,000	10,000,000,000			
	Total Construction Cost	1,570,000	19,809	31,100,000,000			
Project Construction Cost Estimates	Contingencies (5% Of Construction Costs)			1,555,000,000	PKR		
	Facility Utilities And Permissions			1,000,000,000			
	Facility Other Costs			1,000,000,000			
	Interest During Construction			-			
	Total Project Costs			34,655,000,000			
Land Value	Value Of 4.51 Acre Plot	196,456	86,666	17,026,000,000			
CAPEX Incurrence Pattern	Year 1		20%				
	Year 2		30%		%		
	Year 3		50%				

Thank You







